

APPM 1345

Exam 2

Spring 2024

Name		
Instructor	Richard McNamara	Section 150

This exam is worth 100 points and has **4 problems**.

Make sure all of your work is written in the blank spaces provided. If your solutions do not fit, there is additional space at the end of the test. Be sure to **make a note** indicating the page number where the work is continued or it will **not** be graded.

Show all work and simplify your 5ua003 work is continued or it

1. (25 pts) Parts (a) and (b) are unrelated.

(a) Find the average value f_{ave} of the function $f(x) = 9 - x^2$ on the interval $[0; 3]$, and find all values of c on $[0; 3]$ for which $f(c) = f_{\text{ave}}$.

(b) Evaluate the following derivatives.

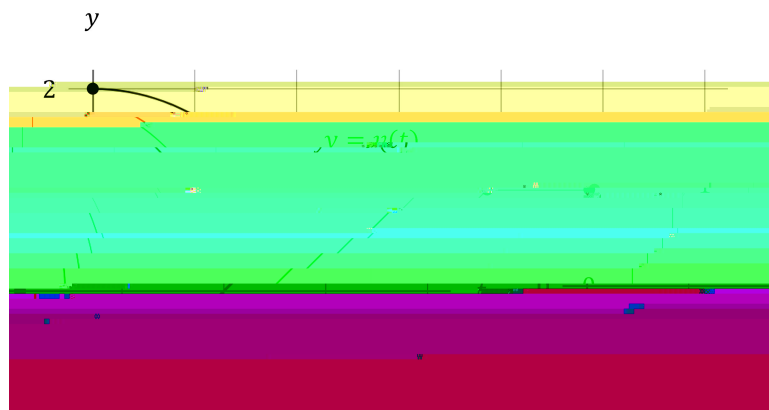
i. $\frac{d}{dx} \int_x^{10} \frac{1}{1+t^2} dt$

ii. $\frac{d}{dx} \int_{\cos x}^{\sin x} \frac{1}{t+2} dt$

2. (20 pts) The graph below represents a particle's velocity function $v(t)$, and the corresponding position function for $0 \leq t \leq 6$ is

$$s(t) = \int_0^t v(u) du$$

The graph of $v(t)$ consists of two quarter-circles and two line segments.



- Determine the particle's position at time $t = 0$ and at time $t = 3$.
- What is total distance traveled by the particle between $t = 0$ and $t = 3$?
- When is the particle moving in the positive direction? Express your answer using interval notation.
- When is the particle's acceleration positive? Express your answer using interval notation.

3. (27 pts) Parts (a) and (b) are unrelated.

(a) Evaluate the following integrals. Fully simplify your answers.

i. $\int \frac{x}{3x^2 + 1} dx$

ii. $\int \frac{\sin 3x^{1/3}}{x^{2/3}} dx$

(b) Suppose $g(x)$ is a continuous function such that $\int_1^7 g(x) dx = 15$. Find the value of $\int_0^2 g(3x + 1) dx$.
(Hint: Apply u -substitution.)

4. (28 pts) Parts (a) and (b) are unrelated.

(a) Consider the function $h(x) = \cos^2 x$ on the interval $I = [0; \pi/2]$.

- i. Determine the numerical value of the Riemann sum L_2 for $h(x)$ on I using **left** endpoints and 2 equally-sized subintervals. Fully simplify your answer.
- ii. Write an expression for the general Riemann sum L_n for $h(x)$ on I using **left** endpoints and n equally-sized subintervals. Express your answer using sigma notation.

(b) Suppose the following expression is a Riemann sum for a continuous function $u(x)$ on the interval $[-1; 2]$:

$$R_n = \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{3i^2}{n} + 1 \right) \frac{3}{n}$$

Find the numerical value of $\int_{-1}^2 u(x) dx$ by evaluating the appropriate limit of R_n . Do not use a Dominance of Powers argument when evaluating the limit. Fully simplify your answer.

END OF EXAM

Your Initials _____

ADDITIONAL BLANK SPACE

If you write a solution here, please clearly indicate the problem number.